

Advanced Information Security Corporation



10/07/2015

Advanced Information Security Corporation ***Security Advisory Report***

MySQL Database 5.6.x (LATEST) Security Report

Software Security Notification

Software: Oracle's MySQL v.5.6.24 (LATEST)

Vulnerability:

(11) Buffer Overflow Vulnerabilities / ~ Deprecated & Insecure Function use (Missing Bounds-checks)

Software Overview

MySQL is an open source relational database management system (RDBMS), and the world's most popular Open Source database. MySQL is a popular choice of database for use in web applications, and is a central component of the widely used LAMP open source web application software stack. MySQL is used in many high profile large-websites worldwide. MySQL was created by a Swedish company, MySQL AB founded by David Axmark, Allan Larsson and Michael "Monty" Widenius. The first version of the software appeared on 23 of May, 1995. Oracle Corporation acquired Sun Microsystems in April, 2009 and are now the owners of MySQL Copyright and Trademark.

Summary

During a manual source-code audit of Oracle's MySQL v 5.6.24 database; conducted internally by the Advanced Information Security Group, instances of insecure function calls were observed in the software. The issues stem from the lack of any manual control metrics, which would prevent data from being overwritten into other sensitive locations.

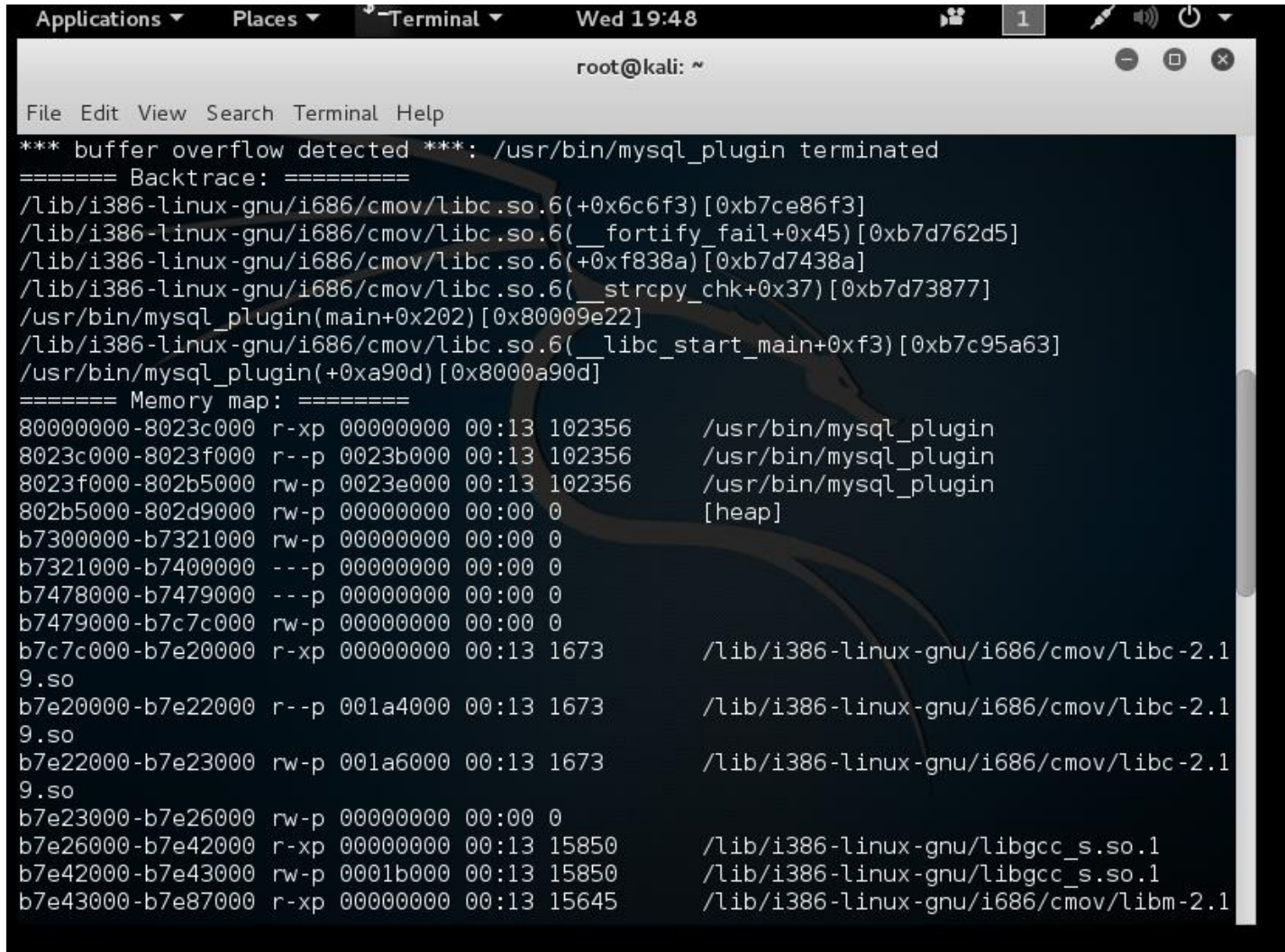
Code Snippet -- [/usr/bin/mysql_plugin] --
(../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/client/mysql_plugin.c:796)

```
793      /* read the plugin config file and check for match against argument */
794      else
795      {
796          strcpy(plugin_name, argv[i]);
797          strcpy(config_file, argv[i]);
798          strcat(config_file, ".ini");
799      }
800  }
801
```

Description

Unsafe use of the **strcpy()** function, has been triggered resulting in a buffer overflow condition. Therefore, in the aforementioned experiment input is copied from the command-line, to a fixed length destination buffer. No bounds checks are provided to ensure that the source does not exceed in size, and therefore would not overwrite the destination buffer.

Technical Details



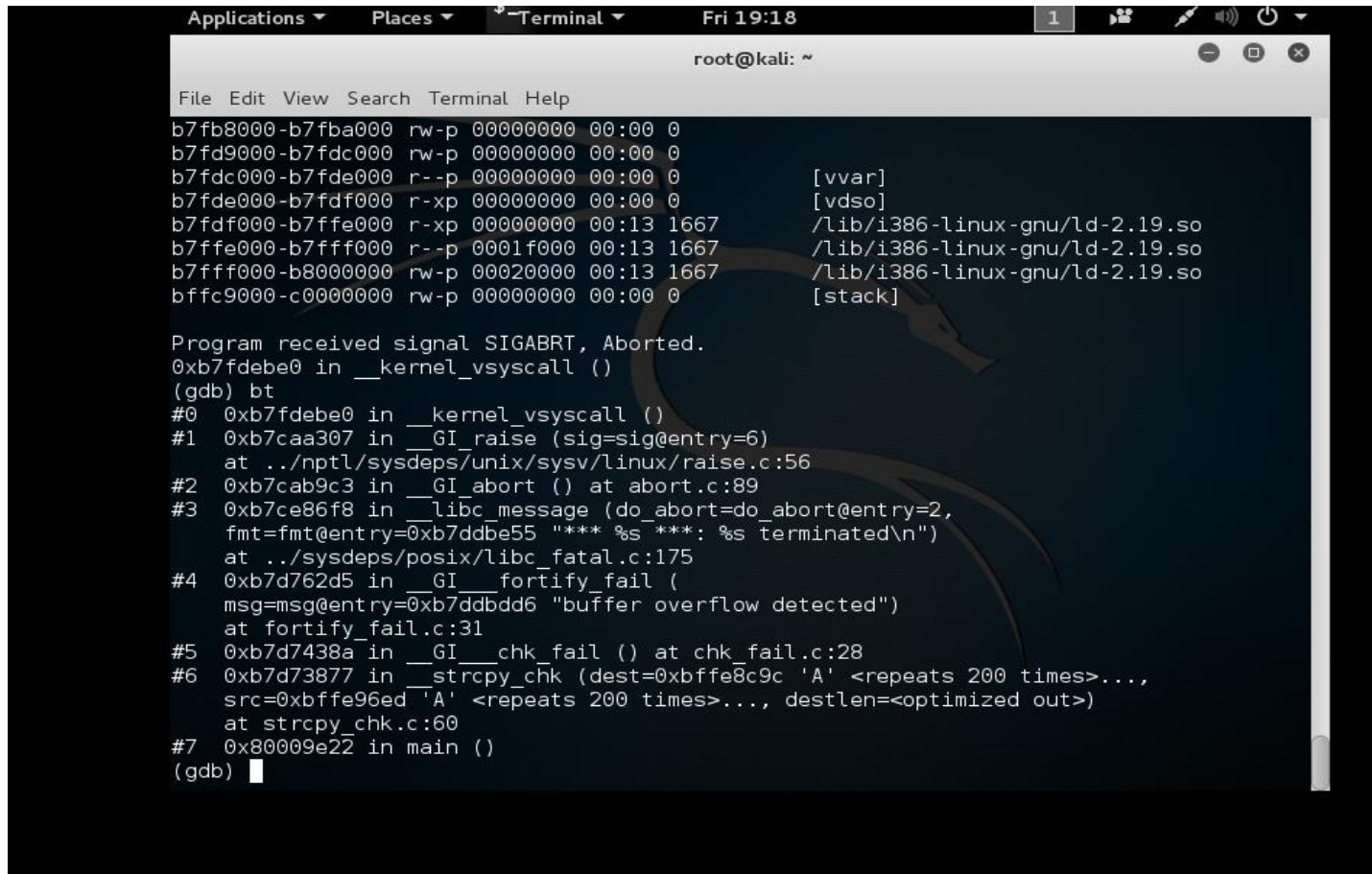
The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Terminal" with the prompt "root@kali: ~". The window displays a message: "*** buffer overflow detected ***: /usr/bin/mysql_plugin terminated". Below this, a backtrace is shown, listing several frames with their addresses and symbols. A memory map follows, showing the layout of memory segments for the process, including the heap and various shared libraries like libc-2.19.so, libgcc_s.so.1, and libm-2.19.so.

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
*** buffer overflow detected ***: /usr/bin/mysql_plugin terminated
===== Backtrace: =====
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(+0x6c6f3)[0xb7ce86f3]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__fortify_fail+0x45)[0xb7d762d5]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(+0xf838a)[0xb7d7438a]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__strcpy_chk+0x37)[0xb7d73877]
/usr/bin/mysql_plugin(main+0x202)[0x80009e22]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__libc_start_main+0xf3)[0xb7c95a63]
/usr/bin/mysql_plugin(+0xa90d)[0x8000a90d]
===== Memory map: =====
80000000-8023c000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 102356 /usr/bin/mysql_plugin
8023c000-8023f000 r--p 0023b000 00:13 102356 /usr/bin/mysql_plugin
8023f000-802b5000 rw-p 0023e000 00:13 102356 /usr/bin/mysql_plugin
802b5000-802d9000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]
b7300000-b7321000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7321000-b7400000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
b7478000-b7479000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
b7479000-b7c7c000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7c7c000-b7e20000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 1673 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc-2.1
9.so
b7e20000-b7e22000 r--p 001a4000 00:13 1673 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc-2.1
9.so
b7e22000-b7e23000 rw-p 001a6000 00:13 1673 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc-2.1
9.so
b7e23000-b7e26000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7e26000-b7e42000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 15850 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
b7e42000-b7e43000 rw-p 0001b000 00:13 15850 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
b7e43000-b7e87000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 15645 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libm-2.1

```


Technical Details



The screenshot shows a Kali Linux terminal window with a dark background and a dragon logo. The terminal displays a memory dump and a GDB backtrace. The memory dump lists addresses, permissions, and offsets, with some entries mapped to system libraries like /lib/i386-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so. The GDB backtrace shows the program received a SIGABRT signal and aborted, with the error message "buffer overflow detected".

```
Applications ▾ Places ▾ Terminal ▾ Fri 19:18 1 [Icons] [Volume] [Power]
root@kali: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
b7fb8000-b7fba000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7fd9000-b7fdc000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7fdc000-b7fde000 r--p 00000000 00:00 0 [vvar]
b7fde000-b7fdf000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vdso]
b7fdf000-b7ffe000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 1667 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
b7ffe000-b7fff000 r--p 0001f000 00:13 1667 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
b7fff000-b8000000 rw-p 00020000 00:13 1667 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/ld-2.19.so
bffc9000-c0000000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [stack]

Program received signal SIGABRT, Aborted.
0xb7fdebe0 in __kernel_vsyscall ()
(gdb) bt
#0 0xb7fdebe0 in __kernel_vsyscall ()
#1 0xb7caa307 in __GI_raise (sig=sig@entry=6)
    at ../nptl/sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/raise.c:56
#2 0xb7cab9c3 in __GI_abort () at abort.c:89
#3 0xb7ce86f8 in __libc_message (do_abort=do_abort@entry=2,
    fmt=fmt@entry=0xb7ddb555 "**** %s ****: %s terminated\n")
    at ../sysdeps/posix/libc_fatal.c:175
#4 0xb7d762d5 in __GI___fortify_fail (
    msg=msg@entry=0xb7ddb5d6 "buffer overflow detected")
    at fortify_fail.c:31
#5 0xb7d7438a in __GI___chk_fail () at chk_fail.c:28
#6 0xb7d73877 in __strcpy_chk (dest=0xbffe8c9c 'A' <repeats 200 times>...,
    src=0xbffe96ed 'A' <repeats 200 times>..., destlen=<optimized out>)
    at strcpy_chk.c:60
#7 0x80009e22 in main ()
(gdb) █
```

Technical Details

```
(gdb) disas
Dump of assembler code for function __kernel_vsyscall:
   0xb7fdebd0 <+0>:    push    %ecx
   0xb7fdebd1 <+1>:    push    %edx
   0xb7fdebd2 <+2>:    push    %ebp
   0xb7fdebd3 <+3>:    mov     %esp,%ebp
   0xb7fdebd5 <+5>:    sysenter
   0xb7fdebd7 <+7>:    nop
   0xb7fdebd8 <+8>:    nop
   0xb7fdebd9 <+9>:    nop
   0xb7fdebda <+10>:   nop
   0xb7fdebdb <+11>:   nop
   0xb7fdebdc <+12>:   nop
   0xb7fdebdd <+13>:   nop
   0xb7fdebde <+14>:   int     $0x80
=>  0xb7fdebe0 <+16>:   pop     %ebp
   0xb7fdebe1 <+17>:   pop     %edx
   0xb7fdebe2 <+18>:   pop     %ecx
   0xb7fdebe3 <+19>:   ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) █
```

Proof of Concept Exploit – MySQL v5.6.24

```

Applications ▾ Places ▾ $ Terminal ▾ Wed 21:54 1
root@kali: ~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@kali:~# /usr/bin/mysql_plugin `perl -e 'print "A" x 9000'`
*** buffer overflow detected ***: /usr/bin/mysql_plugin terminated
===== Backtrace: =====
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(+0x6c6f3)[0xb71e46f3]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__fortify_fail+0x45)[0xb72722d5]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(+0xf838a)[0xb727038a]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__strcpy_chk+0x37)[0xb726f877]
/usr/bin/mysql_plugin(main+0x202)[0xb7505e22]
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__libc_start_main+0xf3)[0xb7191a63]
/usr/bin/mysql_plugin(+0xa90d)[0xb750690d]
===== Memory map: =====
b6800000-b6821000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b6821000-b6900000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
b6974000-b6975000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
b6975000-b7178000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7178000-b731c000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 1673 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc-2.19.so
b731c000-b731e000 r--p 001a4000 00:13 1673 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc-2.19.so
b731e000-b731f000 rw-p 001a6000 00:13 1673 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc-2.19.so
b731f000-b7322000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
b7322000-b733e000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 15851 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
b733e000-b733f000 rw-p 0001b000 00:13 15851 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/libgcc_s.so.1
b733f000-b7383000 r-xp 00000000 00:13 15639 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libm-2.19.so
b7383000-b7384000 r--p 00043000 00:13 15639 /lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libm-2.19.so

```


Technical Synopsis

The cause of the issue is an unsafe strcpy call; which can lead to a buffer overflow condition. A user-supplied string from the command-line is copied to a fixed length destination buffer, and the vulnerable function call is demonstrated below in red.

```
===== Backtrace: =====  
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(+0x6c6f3)[0xb71e46f3]  
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__fortify_fail+0x45)[0xb72722d5]  
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(+0xf838a)[0xb727038a]  
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6( strcpy_chk+0x37)[0xb726f877]  
/usr/bin/mysql_plugin(main+0x202)[0xb7505e22]  
/lib/i386-linux-gnu/i686/cmov/libc.so.6(__libc_start_main+0xf3)[0xb7191a63]  
/usr/bin/mysql_plugin(+0xa90d)[0xb750690d]
```

Source Code at Line: 796

File: (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/client/mysql_plugin.c)

MYSQL v5.6.24 Vulnerability List

I. Main.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/regex/main.c:577)

```
572 char *name;  
573 {  
574     static char efbuf[100];  
575     my_regex_t re;  
576  
577     sprintf(efbuf, "MY REG %s", name);  
578     assert(strlen(efbuf) < sizeof(efbuf));  
579     re.re_endp = efbuf;  
580     (void) my_regerror(MY_REG_ATOI, &re, efbuf, sizeof(efbuf));  
581     return(atoi(efbuf));  
582 }
```

Description: A char* type is copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

2. Code Snippet – mysql_plugin.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/client/mysql_plugin.c:796)

```
793  /* read the plugin config file and check for match against argument */
794  else
795  {
796      strcpy(plugin_name, argv[i]);
797      strcpy(config_file, argv[i]);
798      strcat(config_file, ".ini");
799  }
800 }
801
```

Description: Unsafe use of strcpy could lead to an overflow condition. A user-supplied string from the command-line is copied to a fixed length destination buffer.

3. Code Snippet – mysql_plugin.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/client/mysql_plugin.c:797)

```
793      /* read the plugin config file and check for match against argument */
794      else
795      {
796          strcpy(plugin_name, argv[i]);
797          strcpy(config_file, argv[i]);
798          strcat(config_file, ".ini");
799      }
800  }
801
```

Description: Unsafe Use of strcpy could lead to an overflow condition. A user-supplied string from the command-line is copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

4. Code Snippet – main.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/regex/main.c:544)

```
542      shlen = 1;      /* force check for end-of-string */
543      if (strncmp(p, at, shlen) != 0) {
544          sprintf(grump, "matched null at `%.20s'", p);
545          return(grump);
546      }
547      return(NULL);
548  }
```

Description: A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

5. Code Snippet – main.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/regex/main.c:525)

```
519     len = (int)(sub.rm_eo - sub.rm_so);
520     shlen = (int)strlen(should);
521     p = str + sub.rm_so;
522
523     /* check for not supposed to match */
524     if (should == NULL) {
525         sprintf(grump, "matched `%s'", len, p);
526         return(grump);
527     }
```

Description: Insecure sprintf. A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

6. Code Snippet – reader.cpp (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/storage/ndb/src/kernel/blocks/dblqh/redoLogReader/reader.cpp:413)

```
406 void readArguments(int argc, const char** argv)
407 {
408     if(argc < 2 || argc > 9){
409         usage(argv[0]);
410         doExit();
411     }
412
413     strcpy(fileName, argv[1]);
```

Description: Unsafe use of strcpy could lead to an overflow condition. A user-supplied string from the command-line is written to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow if the input provided, is of greater size than the destination buffer.

7. Code Snippet – main.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/regex/main.c:531)

```

528
529     /* check for wrong match */
530     if (len != shlen || strncmp(p, should, (size_t)shlen) != 0) {
531         sprintf(grump, "matched `%.s' instead", len, p);
532         return(grump);
533     }

```

Description: Unsafe use of strcpy could lead to an overflow condition. A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

8. Code Snippet – mysqlshow.c (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/client/mysqlshow.c:710)

```

701     if (mysql_select_db(mysql,db))
702     {
703         fprintf(stderr,"%s: Cannot connect to db: %s: %s\n",my_progname,db,
704             mysql_error(mysql));
705         return 1;
706     }
707
708     if (opt_count)
709     {
710         sprintf(query,"select count(*) from `%s'", table);
711         if (mysql_query(mysql,query) || !(result=mysql_store_result(mysql)))
712         {
713             fprintf(stderr,"%s: Cannot get record count for db: %s, table: %s: %s\n",
714                 my_progname,db,table,mysql_error(mysql));
715             return 1;
716         }
717         row= mysql_fetch_row(result);
718         rows= (ulong) strtoull(row[0], (char**) 0, 10);
719         mysql_free_result(result);
720     }

```

Description: Insecure use of sprintf. A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

9. Code Snippet – conf_to_src.c (./mysql/mysql-5.6.24/libmysql/conf_to_src.c:121

```

116 void
117 print_arrays_for(char *set)
118 {
119     FILE *f;
120
121     sprintf(buf, "%s.conf", set);
122
123     if ((f = fopen(buf, "r")) == NULL) {
124         fprintf(stderr, "%s: can't read conf file for charset %s\n", prog, set);
125         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
126     }
127

```

Description: Insecure use of sprintf. A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

10. Code Snippet – PosixAsyncFile.ccp (./mysql/mysql-5.6.24/storage/ndb/src/kernel/blocks/ndbfs/PosixAsyncFile.cpp:784)

```

772 void
773 PosixAsyncFile::rmrfReq(Request *request, const char * src, bool removePath)
774 {
775     if(!request->par.rmrf.directory)
776     {
777         // Remove file
778         if(unlink(src) != 0 && errno != ENOENT)
779             request->error = errno;
780         return;
781     }
782
783     char path[PATH_MAX];
784     strcpy(path, src);
785     strcat(path, "/");

```

Description: Unsafe Use of strcpy could lead to an overflow condition. A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This could lead to a buffer overflow.

II. Code Snippet – Win32AsyncFile.cpp (../mysql/mysql-5.6.24/storage/ndb/src/kernel/blocks/ndbfs/VWin32AsyncFile.cpp:377)

```
362 void
363 Win32AsyncFile::rmrfReq(Request * request, const char * src, bool removePath){
364     if (!request->par.rmrf.directory)
365     {
366         // Remove file
367         if (!DeleteFile(src))
368         {
369             DWORD dwError = GetLastError();
370             if (dwError != ERROR_FILE_NOT_FOUND)
371                 request->error = dwError;
372         }
373         return;
374     }
375     char path[PATH_MAX];
376     strcpy(path, src);
377     strcat(path, "\\*");
378     WIN32_FIND_DATA ffd;
379     HANDLE hFindFile;
```

<<<

Size of PATH is PATH_MAX 256

Description: Unsafe Use of strcpy could lead to an overflow condition. A char* type is being copied to a fixed length destination buffer. This, could lead to an overflow.

Acknowledgements

Sincere Thanks to Oracle Corporation for their excellent cooperation.

References

[1] Security Focus Website (2015). *Advanced Information Security Corporation, Security Advisory - MySQL v5.6.24 Buffer Overflows*. [Online] Available at: <http://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/536634> [Accessed 7 Oct. 2015].