

## ABYSSSEC RESEARCH

### 1) Advisory information

Title	: Apple QuickTime FlashPix NumberOfTiles Remote Code Execution Vulnerability
Version	: QuickTime player 7.6.5
Discovery	: <a href="http://www.abysssec.com">http://www.abysssec.com</a>
Vendor	: <a href="http://www.apple.com">http://www.apple.com</a>
Impact	: Med/High
Contact	: shahin [at] abysssec.com , info [at] abysssec.com
Twitter	: @abysssec
CVE	: CVE-2010-0519

### 2) Vulnerable version

Apple QuickTime Player 7.6.5  
Apple QuickTime Player 7.6.4  
Apple QuickTime Player 7.6.2  
Apple QuickTime Player 7.6.1  
Apple QuickTime Player 7.6  
Apple Mac OS X Server 10.6.2  
Apple Mac OS X Server 10.6.1  
Apple Mac OS X Server 10.6  
Apple Mac OS X 10.6.2  
Apple Mac OS X 10.6.1  
Apple Mac OS X 10.6

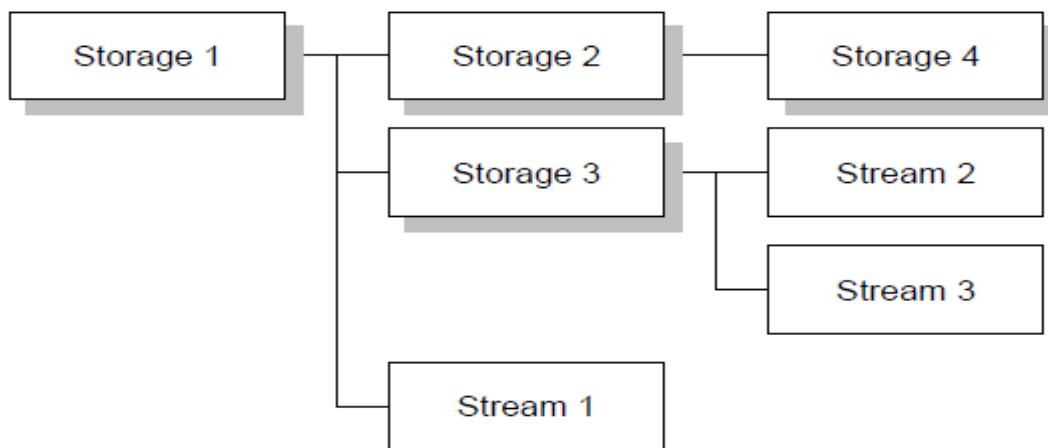
### 3) Vulnerability information

Class
1- Code execution
Impact
<b>Successful exploits may allow attackers to execute arbitrary code in the context of the currently logged-in user; failed exploit attempts will cause denial-of-service conditions.</b>
Remotely Exploitable
Yes
Locally Exploitable
Yes

### 4) Vulnerabilities detail

#### Integer overflow:

The FlashPix file format structure is similar to a system file in which the whole file consists of storages and streams. A storage is similar to a folder in a system file and a stream is analogous to a file. Every storage can contain other storages and streams in exactly the same way that every folder can contain folders and files in a system file. The image below shows the concept:



One of the various streams that exist in the file format is SubImage. The SubImage steam consists of a Header and Data where the Header is responsible for Data details and Data contains image information.

In this file format, the image is divided to 64pix\*64pix tiles and the number of tiles are stored in the SubImage stream header. The QuickTime Player software reads the number of tiles from the NumberOfTiles field of the header, multiplies it by 16, and allocates the required heap memory based on the result of the multiplication. In the next stage, the app copies the information to the allocated memory based on the number of tiles. In cases where the result of the multiplication is more than 32bits, the allocated memory will be less than the length of the NumberOfTiles in the file and we can write to the heap with the size of the substitution of these two numbers. Now we are going to explain the binary based on the discussed material:

```
.text:67ADB6F0    push    ecx
.text:67ADB6F1    push    esi
.text:67ADB6F2    push    edi
.text:67ADB6F3    xor     edi, edi
.text:67ADB6F5    mov     esi, ecx
.text:67ADB6F7    cmp     [esi+56h], edi
.text:67ADB6FA    mov     [esp+0Ch+var_4], edi
.text:67ADB6FE    jnz    loc_67ADB7DD
.text:67ADB704    mov     eax, [esi+22h]
.text:67ADB707    shl     eax, 4
.text:67ADB70A    push    eax
.text:67ADB70B    call    sub_67B6FDB0
.text:67ADB710    add     esp, 4
.text:67ADB713    cmp     eax, edi
.text:67ADB715    mov     [esi+56h], eax
.text:67ADB718    jnz    short loc_67ADB721
.text:67ADB71A    lea     eax, [edi-6Ch]
.text:67ADB71D    pop    edi
.text:67ADB71E    pop    esi
.text:67ADB71F    pop    ecx
.text:67ADB720    retn
```

This flaw exists in the QuickTimelimage.qtx file. The above code first shows that at address 67ADB704, the value of NumberOfTiles is stored in the EAX register. This value is then multiplied by 16 with a shift left instruction at address 67ADB707 and the result is passed to QuickT\_B.67B6FDB0 for allocating memory without bounds checking. For example, if we put 41414141 in this field, the result would be 14141410 after the instruction which is less than 41414141.

In the next section, the values will be copied to memory in a loop that is controlled by NumberOfTiles.

```
.text:67ADB740    mov     ecx, [esi+5Eh]
```

```
.text:67ADB743    mov     edx, [ecx]
.text:67ADB745    mov     eax, [edx+8]
.text:67ADB748    push    0
.text:67ADB74A    push    ebx
.text:67ADB74B    call    eax
.text:67ADB74D    test    al, al
.text:67ADB74F    jz     short loc_67ADB7BF
.text:67ADB751    mov     eax, [esi+56h]
.text:67ADB754    mov     ecx, [esi+5Eh]
.text:67ADB757    mov     eax, [eax]
.text:67ADB759    mov     edx, [ecx]
.text:67ADB75B    mov     edx, [edx+1Ch]
.text:67ADB75E    add    eax, edi
.text:67ADB760    push    eax
.text:67ADB761    call    edx
.text:67ADB763    test    al, al
.text:67ADB765    jz     short loc_67ADB7BF
.text:67ADB767    mov     edx, [esi+56h]
.text:67ADB76A    mov     ecx, [esi+5Eh]
.text:67ADB76D    mov     edx, [edx]
.text:67ADB76F    mov     eax, [ecx]
.text:67ADB771    mov     eax, [eax+1Ch]
.text:67ADB774    lea    edx, [edx+edi+4]
.text:67ADB778    push    edx
.text:67ADB779    call    eax
.text:67ADB77B    test    al, al
.text:67ADB77D    jz     short loc_67ADB7BF
.text:67ADB77F    mov     eax, [esi+56h]
.text:67ADB782    mov     ecx, [esi+5Eh]
.text:67ADB785    mov     eax, [eax]
.text:67ADB787    mov     edx, [ecx]
.text:67ADB789    mov     edx, [edx+1Ch]
.text:67ADB78C    lea    eax, [eax+edi+8]
.text:67ADB790    push    eax
.text:67ADB791    call    edx
.text:67ADB793    test    al, al
.text:67ADB795    jz     short loc_67ADB7BF
.text:67ADB797    mov     edx, [esi+56h]
.text:67ADB79A    mov     ecx, [esi+5Eh]
.text:67ADB79D    mov     edx, [edx]
.text:67ADB79F    mov     eax, [ecx]
.text:67ADB7A1    mov     eax, [eax+1Ch]
```

```
.text:67ADB7A4    lea     edx, [edx+edi+0Ch]
.text:67ADB7A8    push    edx
.text:67ADB7A9    call    eax
.text:67ADB7AB    test   al, al
.text:67ADB7AD    jz     short loc_67ADB7BF
.text:67ADB7AF    add    ebx, [esi+36h]
.text:67ADB7B2    add    ebp, 1
.text:67ADB7B5    add    edi, 10h
.text:67ADB7B8    cmp    ebp, [esi+22h]
.text:67ADB7BB    jb    short loc_67ADB740
.text:67ADB7BD    jmp    short loc_67ADB7C7
```

The value of NumberOfTiles which exists in esi+22h is checked against the EBP register as a counter at address 67ADB7B8 and if the counter is less than NumberOfTiles, the execution flow will be moved to the beginning of the loop. At the next stage, EBP will be incremented by 1 and 16 will be added to the EDI register where EDI is the index of reading memory.

```
.text:668E27E8    mov     eax, [esi+ecx*4-4] ; Microsoft VisualC
2-9/net runtime
.text:668E27EC    mov     [edi+ecx*4-4], eax
.text:668E27F0    lea     eax, ds:0[ecx*4]
.text:668E27F7    add     esi, eax
.text:668E27F9    add     edi, eax
```

If we change the first NumberOfTiles value to 41414141 at address 668E27EC, an Access violation error occurs.